



CREDIT SUISSE UETLIHOF 2

OFFICE BUILDING Zurich - ZH

Owner

Credit Suisse AG Paradeplatz 8 8070 Zurich

General contractor

HRS Real Estate AG Siewerdtstrasse 8 8050 Zurich

Architect/General planner

Stücheli Architekten AG Binzstrasse 18 8045 Zurich

Structural engineer

Henauer Gugler AG Kurvenstrasse 35 8006 Zurich

Pöyry Schweiz AG Hardturmstrasse 161 8005 Zurich

MEP engineering

HVAC engineering: PZM Polke Ziege von Moos AG Zollikerstrasse 6 - 8008 Zurich

Aicher, De Martin, Zweng AG . Würzenbachstrasse 56 6006 Lucerne

Electrical engineering: Herzog Kull Group Zürich AG Rütistrasse 22 - 8952 Schlieren

Svtek AG Hauptstrasse 7 - 4102 Binningen

Construction physics: Wichser Akustik + Bauphysik AG Schaffhauserstrasse 550 8052 7urich

Facade engineer: Emmer Pfenninger Partner AG Weidenstrasse 13 4142 Münchenstein

Lighting engineer: Reflexion AG Hardturmstrasse 123 - 8005 Zurich

Fire safety: BDS Security Design AG Muristrasse 96 - 3006 Berne

Door management: Ess AG Nüsatzstrasse 11 - 8248 Uhwiesen

Landscape architect

ASP Landschaftsarchitekten AG Tobeleggweg 19 - 8049 Zurich

Location of the building

Uetlibergstrasse 231 8070 Zurich

Planning

2005 - 2008

Execution

2009 - 2012





LOCATION / HISTORY

Credit Suisse, still active under the name of Schweizerische Kreditanstalt (SKA) at that time, purchased the former brickyard clay pit at the foot of the Uetli hill between the Brunau and the Road Traffic Office. On this 95,000 m² site, the honeycomb-structure Uetlihof building was constructed from 1976 to 1979. The six honeycombs housed 6,000 workspaces, to which a staff restaurant, an own energy production plant, and six-storey structure housing energy supply, ventilation, air conditioning and parking were added, embedded in the hollow of the former 30-metre deep clay pit.

Once the city of Zurich had revised its construction and zoning ordinance in 2003, the building contractor was able to increase the usable space on the Uetlihof site by 28,000 m².

CONCEPT/ARCHITECTURE

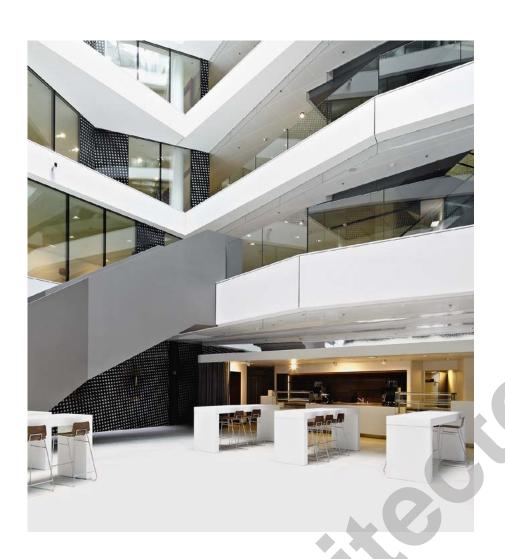
A feasibility study carried out in 2005 showed that it was possible to tear down the above ground part of the existing Uetlihof 2 and create an additional 2,000 fixed or 2,500 flexible workspaces in a new ten-storey building above the six-storey structure. The owner followed this proposal and decided in favour of an irregular octagon that could

be seamlessly integrated into the existing honeycomb landscape and makes ideal use of the extra space. Three inner courtyards link over 6,000 m² of floor space and provide maximum daylight.

As general contractor, HRS faced the challenge of reinforcing the structure of the six basement floors and knocking down the structure above ground without interrupting the building operations. A very specific and detailed schedule defined what had to be done when and where.

The narrow access to the construction site and its location in the inner city required the preparation of a precise construction logistics concept. Craftsmen and subcontractors had to announce their deliveries ahead of time to the construction logistics division.

The project also included the erection of an additional energy unit as an extra source of supply for the trade. Its installation allowed the existing plant to be used to supply the offices. Both energy units, with a total of six diesel engines, are arranged so that they can be switched at any time to take over the supply of the other area. The main power arrives at the sub-stations via a 10-megawatt supply line in the in-house mediumvoltage circuit.



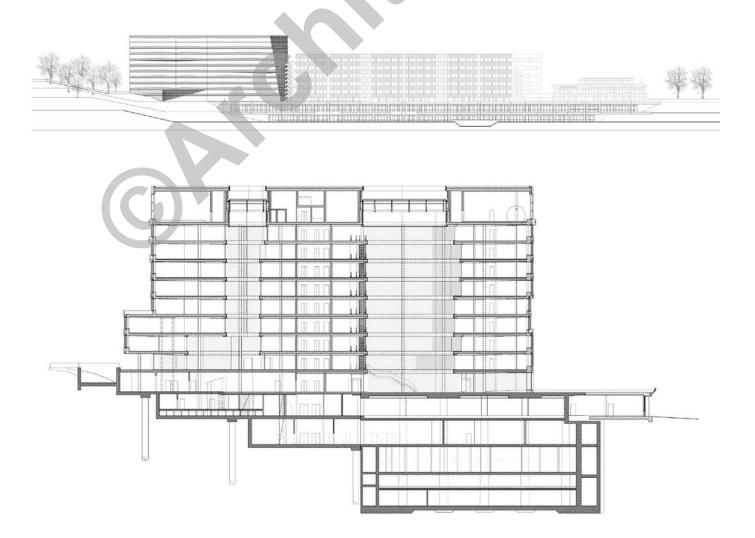
The irregular octagon building shape that was chosen completes the six existing honeycomb structures, however without dominating them. The result is an impressive balance between both architectonic creations, built as good as 30 years apart. Wide bands of prefab concrete facade elements emphasize the horizontality of the building.

ENERGY CONCEPT

Uetlihof 2 meets the Swiss Minergie P-ECO standard. It was designed according to the directives for a 2,000-Watt Society pursued by the City of Zurich. The windows are triple-glazed. The heat emitted by the data processing centre is fed into the heating system. The offices are heated and cooled according to the thermo-active component system (TABS). The ceilings have been constructed as cooling ceilings. Air and heat are stored between the floors. They arrive in the rooms through movable grids at a slight overpressure, rise upwards and are then extracted into the inner window frames. Hybrid heat exchangers on the top floor supply the connected loads, in particular the data processing centre. Turbo and screw compressor cooling units guarantee constant operating temperatures. LED floor lamps meet the need for artificial lighting.

FEATURES

Some of the cooling and ventilation is provided by octagonal ceiling elements. These so-called ceiling "sails" that together form a "wall of leaves" can turn to allow partitions to be positioned as required.





For the first time, at Uetlihof 2, Credit Suisse implements the newly developed smart working concept. The staff's various needs are approached within the workplace zones :

- a quiet area for concentrated workingclosed rooms for small discussions

- areas for project groups
 conventional open-plan offices

Since there are no fixed workspaces, office space is better utilised. Due to absences (external obligations, illness, vacations or military service), the 2,500 people who work in Uetlihof 2, mostly in IT, need in fact the area for 2,000 workspaces.



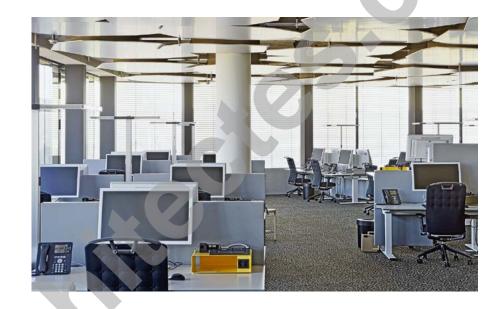


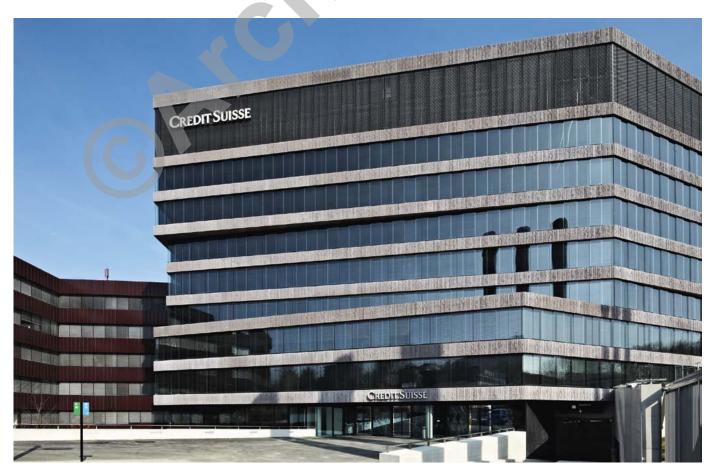




PROJECT DATA

about CHF 270 million Total costs: 305,438 m³ SIA volume: Office volume: 132,476 m³ 102,800 m² Plot area: 20,087 m² Basement area: 4,746 m³ New construction volume: Storeys: 16 (of which 6 underground) Office areas: 38,087 m² 2,977 m² (670 seats) Restaurant areas: Sports areas: 2,039 m² 2,000 - 2,500 Workspaces: Parking: 20,087 m² (1,100 covered spaces)





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